



Hypocrisy of European groups criticized

On 2nd September 2010 in New York, the human rights organization, Human Rights Watch, released a report on the violation of international labor standards by European companies operating in the USA. Amongst others are to be noted the mobile telephone operator T-Mobile (German Telekom subsidiary), the Parcel Service Company, DHL (German post office subsidiary), the Dutch Gamma Holding, as well as the French companies Saint Gobain, and Sodexo. They are being accused of highlighting their social responsibility in Europe and at the same time exploiting every possibility arising from US weak labour law.

- Human Rights Watch press release
- <u>Report download</u>
- <u>Company Reactions to the report</u>

Intimidation and dismissal are in particular used as a means for preventing the establishment of employee representation. In July 2010, even the IKEA subsidiary, Swedwood, attracted attention

by using similar harsh methods in the USA, after just having concluded an agreement with European representatives on the establishment of a European and World Work Council (see <u>report</u> in <u>EWC News 2/2010</u>). In Deutsche Telekom the German ver.di trade union supports US employees to obtain trade-union representation:

- <u>Report in the ver.di member magazine</u> (in German)
- Press report on transatlantic co-operation (in German)
- Web page for T-Mobile USA employees
- Demand for an end to double standards

At DHL world-wide respect is also demanded:

- DHL employee website
- Report on recent court decision concerning DHL in the USA

Labour law reform on trial

The latest draft of the Employee Free Choice Act (EFCA) has been up before US Congress since 10th March 2009. The law is to facilitate recognition of trade unions as bargaining partners for shop floor collective agreements, if a majority of employees agree to undersign the request. The law provides for binding conciliation where no agreement is reached after 120 days and increases penalties for



companies which discriminate against employees for union activity. It is at present uncertain as to whether the bill will find a majority. Should the legislation, supported by President Barack Obama, be passed, then the USA would have a better legal situation than the UK.

- Information from AFL-CIO US trade union confederation
- Background paper on the bill from Human Rights Watch
- Examples of anti-union intimidation ("Union busting")
- The organized anti-trade union network in the USA
- President Barack Obama's opinion on the bill

Transatlantic trade union merger

The largest trade union of the British Isles, Unite, has merged with the largest North American private sector trade union, USW. Trade unions from further countries are invited to join the new organization "Workers

Uniting". At present it has three million members in the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland, USA, Canada and in the Caribbean. The British trade union Unite was founded in May 2007 through the merger of two cross-industry trade unions (see <u>report in EWC News 2/2007</u>).

- Brochure on trade union merger
- Workers Uniting website

ITED STEELWORKERS

2. Union Busting in Europe

Great Britain: Playing ground for trade union busters

Since there are neither employee co-determination rights nor works councils in the United Kingdom, the recognition of trade unions as bargaining partners for shop-floor collective agreements is the only possibility for establishing adequate employee representation. Similarly to the USA, special advisors (so-called labor relations specialists but better known as trade-union busters) are therefore put in place in the United Kingdom, in order to intimidate employees and so prevent the establishment of employee representation. In the case of the Kettle Chips food manufacturer this led to country-wide, intense protests in 2007 in the media (see report in EWC News 3/2007).

The management of the poultry producer Cranberry Foods from Hollybank in the Midlands, England (photo), a medium-size enterprise with 650 employees, also hired such advisors from the USA, in order to avoid recognition of the trade union Unite as bargaining partner. On 17th September 2010 a very slight majority of the intimidated staff voted against the establishment of employee representation.



- Report on Cranberry Foods
- Report on "trade union busters"
- Report on the Cranberry Foods ballot results

German companies also exploit weak British labor law

A first precedent in the history of British labor law was set in July 2007, not for a native company, but for the German publishing house Holtzbrinck: for the first time an enterprise was fined for violation of minimum standards for the respect of employee representation (see <u>report in EWC</u> <u>News 2/2007</u>).

According to investigations from the European Trade Union Institute in Brussels no other country in Western Europe registers a lower level of employee participation than the United Kingdom. Within the European Union employee representation is less pronounced only in Bulgaria and the three Baltic states (see <u>report in EWC News 2/2009</u>). Work councils are still considered alien in the Anglo-Saxon trade union and business cultures.

• <u>Background: Employee representation in the United Kingdom</u> (in German)

Employee representatives and EWC members have an opportunity to familiarize themselves with the current situation of employee representation in the United Kingdom after the change in government, in the EWC specialist seminar taking place on 25th January 2011 in Hamburg, Germany. English language interpretation will be provided.

Romania: Nokia wanted to keep trade unions away



In February 2008 production of mobile telephones started in a newly built plant in Jucu near Cluj-Napoca. As a consequence the Nokia plant was closed in Bochum, which was met with extensive medium coverage in Germany (see <u>report in EWC News 1/2008</u>). In Romania the Finnish electronics company tried first of all to prevent the establishment of employee representation. The Cartel-ALFA trade union confederation, which already organized a third of the permanent workforce, was only able to gain recognition as a bargaining partner after two instances of legal action.

As a reaction to the activities of Cartel-ALFA, Nokia management promoted the establishment of an employer-friendly in-house union. To be recognized as bargaining partners Romanian trade unions have to prove their representativeness. This is most easily done by affiliation to a large umbrella organization. The employer-friendly union in Nokia therefore joined the CNSLR-Frăția excommunist confederation. At present there are 1,500 permanent employees in Jucu with a further 2,300 temporary workers. Now each union has one delegate appointed to the Nokia Euroforum (the name given to the EWC established in 1993). There are now concerns in the workforce that future relocation will have a negative impact on Jucu.

3. Further notes from individual countries

Company-wide collective agreement in Great Britain

On 22nd September 2010 the British trade union Unite signed a national collective agreement with Sun Chemical, covering all of its' 16 British sites and employee categories. The US enterprise is the world largest manufacturer of printer ink. The agreement can be considered



as a milestone in United Kingdom's extremely decentralized bargaining landscape. Normally collective agreements are usually signed for individual employee categories within a company or for individual sites. The national collective agreement replaces all agreements signed previously on a local level. Sun Chemical does not yet have a European Work Council.

Unite Press release on the signature of the agreement



According to a legal opinion given by the University of St Gallen the turbine manufacturer Alstom is violating consultation rights in Switzerland. The French company would like initially to consult only the European Work Council on the conditions of a Europeanwide restructuring plan. Switzerland is represented by two delegates who nevertheless fear that they will be faced with a fait accompli. Alstom which represents one of the largest industrial employers in Switzerland would like to reduce the workforce there proportionally more than the average. The Swiss union of white

collar employees is now demanding new legislation to bring consultation rights in Switzerland up to European Union standards. The following texts are available only in German:

- Press report on Alstom in Switzerland
- Swiss white collar employee federation demands
- Report on the legal opinion of the St. Gallen University

In 2007, the Unia trade union made a comparison between Swiss employee participation rights and EU standards. The documents are only available in German and can be downloaded here:

- Comparative table on participation rights Switzerland European Union
- <u>Comments on the comparison participation rights Switzerland European Union</u>
- Review: European works councils in Switzerland (2004 report)

Belgian Opel plant to close before the end of the year

After the failure to sell Opel to the automobile supplier Magna (see report in EWC News 3/2009), the central management of General Motors announced in January 2010 the closure of its plant in Antwerp. On 27th April 2010 in co-operation with the European Work Council a transition agreement was reached. Over half of the 2,600 employees have since left with early retirement or severance packages. Employees receive up to 144.000 \in compensation.



The transition plan also contained future production gaurantees for a possible investor, with a view to keeping the plant open. Despite the continued efforts of the European Works Council, the last potential investor abandoned on 18th October 2010. Production will therefore definitively stop on 31st December 2010.

- <u>Report on transition agreement</u> (in German)
- IG-Metall trade union report on Opel situation (in German)
- EWC and trade union press release on investor search

4. New EWC Directive - events

High-level EWC conference in Ljubljana

On 1st September 2010 a EWC conference took place in the Slovenian capital in the scope of the "EWC Networking" project, sponsored by the European Union, with participants from Austria, Italy, Slovenia and Croatia. Main speakers were the Secretary-General of the European Trade Union Confederation in Brussels, John Monks (photo), the former member of the European Parliament, Jan Cremers from the Netherlands and Dr. Werner Altmeyer from the training and consultancy network "euro-workscouncil.net" in Hamburg, Germany.

- Report on the conference in Ljubljana
- Ljubljana conference agenda
- Full text of John Monks' speech
- Results of a EWC analysis for the Tirol/North Italian region

In a panel discussion European works council members from DHL, the German parcel service, Delfort, the Austrian paper manufacturer and the British automobile supplier GKN Driveline presented their work. Later a detailed description was given on the establishment of the EWC in RHI, the Austrian refractory product manufacturer.



• "EWC Networking" project web site (in German and Italian)

Romanian EWC seminar in Sibiu



As part of the REDITER project 30 European works council members, from all parts of the country particularly from metal manufacturing and the retail industry met together on 7th and 8th October 2010, in the Transylvanian metropolis Sibiu (photo). The seminar mainly dealt with the new EWC Directive and key speakers were Dr. Stephan Tregel from Munich, EWC chairman of the market research institute, TNS Infratest, and Dr. Werner Altmeyer of the Hamburg based training and consultancy network "euro-workscouncil.net". A comparable

conference took place in May 2010 in Madrid (see report in EWC News 2/2010).

- Report on the EWC seminar in Sibiu
- Further information on the REDITER project

Exchange of experience in the insurance industry

Employee representatives from the Allianz, Axa, Ergo, Generali and Zurich companies from nine countries met together on 28th and 29th October 2010 in the ver.di union federal headquarters building in Berlin (photo), for an exchange on working practice and to identify necessary adjustments of their agreements to the new EWC Directive standards.



Evelyne Pichot from the European Commission in Brussels described the details of the new legal situation and Dr. Sebastian Hopfner from the European Employers' federation of the insurance sector discussed possible common initiatives in the context of social dialogue. The meeting was organized by the training and consultancy network "euro-workscouncil.net" and will take place regularly. This was the first time ever that such a meeting had taken place for the insurance industry.

- Webseite of the Axa-EWC
- Webseite of the Generali-EWC
- 5. New EWC legislation starts to take form

Germany: Chemical industry anticipates EWC legislation



Although the German legislator has not yet submitted any draft for the revised EWC legislation, social partners in the chemical industry have already agreed on common references. In a EWC conference held on 20th October 2010 in Hanover they signed a social-partner agreement on works council contacts at the European level (photo), which updates an existing agreement dating back from 1990. The contracting parties want to promote high-quality and effective information and consultation processes within the European works councils, to improve qualification

of EWC and SNB members and to further develop participation rights in restructuring in a legally secure manner. Following texts are available only in German:

- <u>Report on EWC conference</u>
- Full text of the social-partner agreement
- <u>Video interviews of EWC members</u>

British EWC law to remain unchanged

After the change of government in London it was at first unclear whether or not the EWC legislation prepared by the Labour government and passed in parliament on the 6th April 2010 would be upheld (see <u>report in EWC News 1/2010</u>). It is now however certain that it will come into force unmodified on the 5th June 2011. The law copies, word for word, large parts of the new EWC Directive. The responsible Ministry is headed by the liberal



democrat and former Labour politician, Vince Cable (see report in EWC News 2/2010).

- Full text of the new British EWC law
- <u>Ministerial guidelines of the new EWC law</u>

Likewise the new time-off regulations for EWC and SNB members, which already came into force at the beginning of 2010 remain unchanged (see <u>report in EWC News 3/2009</u>).

Transposition on the home stretch for many more countries

Following on from Portugal which, already in November 2009, was the first country to transpose the new EWC Directive (see <u>report in EWC News 4/2009</u>), most other countries have in the meantime well advanced with the preparations. In Sweden there was a public hearing on the subject, in Belgium the appropriate collective agreement is nearly finished and in Slovakia a draft bill was recently published by the Ministry of Labour. In Hungary a more extensive reform of the labour code is pending anyway before the end of the year. Delays are expected in Italy, where the old 1994 EWC Directive was only transposed in 2002, after the European Commission had threatened to bring the Italian government before the European Court of Justice

Coordinating role of the European Commission

The head of departments from the ministries of the European Union countries have met five times in Brussels over the past months in order to co-ordinate the refinement of the transposition laws with the European commission. Further meetings are planned. The European Commission is currently working on a document, which examines in more detail the question of national transposition. It is to be published on the turn of the year 2010/11 in Brussels.

6. New European Work Councils

Nokia Siemens Networks (NSN) starts EWC work

The joint venture created in April 2007 by Siemens and Nokia for mobile and fixed network infrastructure products has a European works council in place under Finnish law since end of June 2010. Since NSN underwent extensive restructuring following its creation, the European Metalworkers' Federation (EMF) had already created a co-ordination



committee in May 2007 which functioned as a replacement for the not yet created EWC (see <u>report</u> in EWC News 2/2007).

The new EWC is made up of 27 members from 25 countries with 2 representatives each from Germany and Finland. The special negotiating body (SNB) decided, after expiration of the threeyear negotiation period, to create the EWC according to the subsidiary requirements without conclusion of a EWC agreement. The standards of the new EWC Directive therefore apply automatically to Nokia Siemens Networks starting from 5th June 2011.

In a common recommendation, European trade union federations warned in December 2009 against concluding EWC agreements between June 2009 and June 2011 below the standards of the new Directive. Agreements, which are signed during this transition period, generally fall outside the legal scope of the new Directive.

• Full text of the recommendation

British supermarket chain establishes EWC under old Directive



A European works council has been established for the very first time in the British retail industry. The EWC members from Tesco had a first internal meeting and training on 6th and 7th October 2010, but will not be officially constituted until spring 2011. The EWC is made up of 23 members: twelve from the United Kingdom, two each from Ireland, Poland, Hungary, Czechia and Slovakia as well as one representative from France. Countries with fewer than 500 workers are not represented. Four EWC members from different countries and a full-time representative of the British retail trade union USDAW form a "Working Group", which meets twice annually. There is a provision for one plenary meeting per year. The agreement is still based to a large extent on the old Directive. The global Tesco trade union network created in June 2008 (see <u>report in EWC News 1/2010</u>) has already requested the extension of the social dialogue beyond Europe. Tesco has 450,000 employees world-wide.

- <u>Report on the trade union network meeting</u>
- Further union articles on Tesco

EWC for the largest Russian oil company

Lukoil wishes to create a European works council, with higher standards of information and consultation than in the European Union. The CEO announced this on 13th October



2010 to the European Trade Union Confederation (ETUC) in Brussels. Lukoil operates refineries in Bulgaria and Romania and holds minority participations in Italy and the Netherlands.

- Full text of the communication from Lukoil
- <u>Background information: Trade unions in Russia</u> (in German)
- 7. Transnational collective agreements

European-wide Charter aims at reducing occupational stress



On 27th July 2010 the European works council and central management of the French holding, PPR, signed a charter on working quality and the prevention of occupational stress. PPR is the first French company from the CAC40 share index, which has concluded such a transnational agreement. In 2008 two European agreements were already concluded in the retail and luxury goods group, to which belong, amongst others, Gucci, Puma and Fnac (see report in EWC News 4/2008).

• Press release on Charter details

The PPR agreement had been under discussion between the steering committee of the European works council and management for eight months. It was particularly difficult to find a common definition of stress. The agreement will be monitored every two years in the EWC plenary session.

Framework agreement at EADS

The aeronautics and spaceflight corporation EADS concluded a framework agreement for transnational negotiations on 28th September 2010. For this purpose a separate body will be created in parallel with the European works council. One seat is allocated per 10,000 employees with an upper limit of five per country. Whereas these seats will be occupied by trade unions in France, Spain and the



UK, the national group works council has the mandate in Germany. It may also send external trade union officers, if these were designated beforehand as permanent experts by the EWC.

Both EWC chairmen belong automatically to the negotiation body, which is coordinated by the European Metalworkers' Federation (EMF). A two thirds majority of the delegates must be reached before an agreement can be signed with central management. Similar rules apply to negotiations on the individual business branch level (e.g. in Airbus).

• Full text of the framework agreement (in French)

Who should negotiate: works council or trade unions?



These current examples highlight the different strategies which are to be observed with the development of European works councils. The right to negotiate or even codetermination rights for European works councils is rejected by the European Metalworkers' Federation (EMF). It aims at two separate roles as in French industrial relations: the works council is responsible for information and consultation, while negotiation remains the

privilege of the trade unions. The EMF has particularly learned from the experiences with General Motors and decided in June 2005 on the appropriate principles for handling company restructuring.

Lack of legal framework, lack of staff resources

For these reasons over the last years union coordination bodies have been formed in large companies of the metal industry in parallel to the EWC and who can play a stronger role in restructuring. There is however no legal basis for these bodies, their role is defined - as is the case with EADS - by company agreements. Another prominent example is given by the steel group ArcelorMittal in November 2009 (see report in EWC News 4/2009).

A strong coordination role for a European trade union federation requires however sufficient fulltime staff in the administration. Where this is not present, negotiations are carried out by the European works councils themselves (see <u>examples in EWC News 2/2009</u>). Otherwise nothing may happen, such as in the French pharmaceutical company Sanofi-Aventis: where central management itself announced, in April 2007, that it was ready to negotiate transnational agreements with the EWC on occupational training, the social effects of restructuring and integration from severely handicapped employees (see <u>report in EWC News 1/2007</u>). The negotiations however have never started, since it is still unclear as to whether they should be handled by the EWC or by the European Mine Chemical and Energy Federation (EMCEF). Criticism was clear to hear on the sidelines of the Sanofi-Aventis plenary EWC meeting in June 2010 in Berlin (see <u>report in EWC News 2/2010</u>).

8. SE Directive versus merger Directive

Ship and energy supervisory group concludes outstanding SE agreement

Since 8th October 2010, Germanischer Lloyd (GL group) testing and classification company, founded in 1867 in Hamburg, has been operating as a European Company (SE). Before, on 13th August 2010, in the HafenCity of Hamburg a SE participation agreement had been signed (photo). The special negotiation body (SNB) was made up of 32 representatives from 25 countries. It established itself in February 2010 (see <u>report in EWC News</u> <u>1/2010</u>) with the support of experts from the training and consultancy network "euro-workscouncil.net".



- <u>Company press release</u>
- <u>Press report on SE transformation</u> (in German)
- <u>Press release from the employers' consulting firm</u> (in German)

SE works council with three level structure

As in many other SE agreements the number of works council members has been reduced. The SE works council consists of nine members, four from Germany, two from the United Kingdom and three regional representatives for the remaining countries. Of particular interest are the annual regional meetings. National employee representatives from all countries, who are not directly represented in the SE works council, participate in these meetings. The SE works council meets twice annually and selects a three member steering committee. The agreement provides a special protection for countries with small workforce. There had not yet been a European works council in the GL group.

Unlike the testing and assessment company Dekra in Stuttgart, which signed an SE agreement with a parity-based supervisory board in June 2010 (see <u>report in EWC News 2/2010</u>), the GL group has frozen employee participation in the supervisory board to one third. In Germany the group employs a little fewer than 2,000 employees, and world-wide around 7.000. The GL group therefore joins the large queue of family-run businesses, which use the SE transformation as a means of avoiding parity-based supervisory board codetermination (see <u>report in EWC News 2/2008</u>).

New boss and reduced supervisory board at Bilfinger Berger



On 8th October 2010 the German building company Bilfinger Berger from Mannheim was registered as SE. The supervisory board remains paritybased but will shrink, following the example of Allianz and BASF, from 20 to 12 members. Amongst the six employee representatives are two fulltime trade union officers from Germany and a works council representative from Poland. A constitutional meeting of the new supervisory board was held on 8th September 2010.

<u>Company Press release</u>

The negotiations for the SE participation agreement were led by a 28 member SNB of which six from Germany and two from Poland. They represented 48,000 employees in 22 European countries. The European works council which has been in place since 1996 will now be replaced by a SE works council. Hessen's former Prime Minister Roland Koch (CDU) will be the new CEO of the SE.

Food manufacturer: Merger instead of SE

On 18th February 2010 the German manufacturer of ready meals, Apetito, merged with its Dutch subsidiary. The family-run business based in Rheine has 1,978 employees in Germany and would have soon had to establish a parity-based supervisory board without the merger. The group has 8,400 employees world-wide.



On 27th January 2010 the special negotiation body (SNB) was established in Rheine, with five representatives from Germany, four from the United Kingdom and two each from France and the Netherlands. On the very same day the SNB members signed the agreement which had been drafted by management according to which both employee representatives on the supervisory board remain German and are elected by the German works councils. The new supervisory board met on 29th April 2010 for the first time.

Apetito is the second company in Europe, to have concluded a participation agreement on the basis of the EU Merger Directive (see <u>report in EWC News 2/2009</u>). Unlike the SE transformation, the SNB negotiates only on the supervisory board and the establishment of a transnational works council is not in the scope of the negotiations. In order to fill this gap, the Apetito works council participated in a seminar organized by the training and consultancy network "euro-workscouncil.net" in Bonn from 15th to 17th September 2010 and covering the different possibilities offered by the EWC Directive.

- Report on the conclusion of the European Union Merger Directive
- Frequently asked questions on the European Union Merger Directive

Current figures on SE legal structures

On 1st September 2010 the Hans Böckler Foundation released current figures on the SE. According to the report, half of all SE companies in operation reside in Germany (78 out of 157). One reason for this: the SE enables the limitation of employee participation at the highest company level by either freezing the number of seats in the supervisory board to one-third or by reducing the number of seats in a parity-based supervisory board. The following texts are available only in German:

- Hans Böckler Foundation SE statistics
- Background information: Participation rights in the SE
- 9. The view beyond the European Union

Indonesian company commits itself to social responsibility



On 21st September 2010 an international framework agreement for Telkom Indonesia was concluded on the sidelines of an Asian congress on industrial relations in Bali. In presence of the Indonesian employment minister the world-wide trade union federation for the services sector UNI signed the agreement on minimum social standards with central management. Report on the signing

Ford EWC members visit Russia

From 4th to 7th October 2010 a delegation of Ford's European works council visited a factory in the proximity of Saint Petersburg. Amongst other topics they discussed the creation of a local employee representation. One representative from Russia currently participates as an observer in the European works council meetings which are held four times per year. Initiatives taken by the Volkswagen EWC in September 2009 had already led to the establishment of a works council in a new Russian factory (see report in EWC News 4/2009).

• Report on the visit

U.S. paper manufacturer institutionalizes world-wide employee representation

Kimberly Clark, manufacturer of Hakle toilet paper and Kleenex tissues, signed a protocol for social dialogue on 26th October 2010 in Atlanta (USA). Trade unions from the USA, the United Kingdom, Spain, France, South Africa, Thailand and four other countries had created a network for the Texan paper manufacturer in May 2007 ("KC network"). Since July 2008 it had already met with central management several times.



The agreement signed now provides for an annual meeting between the KC network and company management. In all 116 factories around the globe "Points of Contact" will be put in place between the respective management and employee representatives. In actual fact this does not only mean the establishment of a form of world works council, but also recognition for local representatives for the over 58,000 employees in 35 countries. The agreement resembles the Charter for industrial relations signed at Volkswagen in October 2009 (see report in EWC News 4/2009).

- Report of the establishment of the world-wide network
- Report on the signing of the protocol for social dialogue
- 10. Interesting web sites

Central European Trade Union Academy (MEGAk)

MEGAk



In January 2010 diplomas were attributed from the MEGAk for the first time in the context of the international train-the-trainers program between Austria and Slovakia. Mitteleuropäische Gewerkschaftsakademie More detailed information on the activities of MEGAk is available on the following web site:

Central European Trade Union Academy website (in German)

Employee Forum for the Metro Group

The German employees of the Metro retail group are confronted by the project CORA which threatens to relocate the billing and accounting to Eastern Europe and India. They have created a website dedicated to an exchange of information and discussions on the topic.

• Metro employee website (in German)



Review of employee participation in five countries



The Informia project, sponsored by the European Union, deals with the social dialogue at a company level and European works councils in five countries: Italy, France, Ireland, Bulgaria and Croatia. Part of the project is an empirical analysis of current working practice for employee information and consultation in these five countries.

- Project website
- <u>Country reports for download</u>

Trade union network in the cocoa and chocolate industry

At a conference which took place from 14th to 17th September 2010 in the NGG trade union training center in Oberjosbach, Germany, 100 employee representatives from 14 countries created the COCOANET network with the goal of promoting a fair and



sustainable cocoa industry. The project activities are shown on their own website.

- Information on the project (in German)
- <u>COCOANET website</u>
- Final declaration of the cocoa conference

We have arranged various further interesting web-pages into a collection of links.

11. New publications



Focus on EWC research

On 29th July 2010 a book from Jeremy Waddington, a EWC researcher from Manchester University was published. In 2005, as a project manager at the European Trade Union Institute in Brussels, he was responsible for the largest ever accomplished empirical analysis on European works councils. The book is based on this extensive numerical data. At the time the quality of information and consultation on restructuring was very poor under the old EWC Directive. The author highlights the infrastructure of the European works councils (means, training etc.) and the role of unions. A separate chapter is dedicated to the development beyond information and consultation to transnational negotiation. The author is critical of the fact that such a reinforcement of the EWC role is not only rejected on the employer's side, but also by the trade unions (see report further above).

- Further information on the book
- Browse through book on-line
- Interview with the author

Legal update on new EWC Directive

Following the first legal commentary on the new EWC Directive already published in May 2010, (see <u>report in EWC News 2/2010</u>), a new volume on important legal aspects of the EWC legislation has now been released. In the first part of the book an analysis is made between old and new EWC Directives in the context of court decisions and other EU rulings. It finishes off with country reports from Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Slovakia, Sweden and the United Kingdom. In the second part of the book several authors deal with special aspects of the new legal situation.

- Further information on the book
- The table of contents of the book





Framework agreements on occupational health and safety

In July 2010, results of a research project were published which covers aspects of sustainable development as part of international framework agreements. Both European works councils and unions increasingly negotiate such agreements on the level of multinational companies, with a view to guaranteeing minimum social standards around the globe. The analysis examines 72 of these framework agreements, from which 49 contain already special provisions on occupational health and safety. A prominent and recent example given is the steel group ArcelorMittal (see <u>report in EWC News 1/2010</u>). The analysis finishes with four case studies from companies in different industries and is available in English, French and Spanish.

- Report on the research project
- Listing of all international framework agreements
- Analysis download

Current situation of French trade unions

On 19th October 2010, the Paris branch of the Friedrich Ebert Foundation released an analysis of the French trade union movement. Although only eight per cent of the workforce are trade union members, another three confederations have been created in the last years as spin-offs of the already 5 representative confederations. However the labour law, revised on 1st January 2009, forces the competing confederations to co-operate. Above all small organizations can only survive by forming alliances, which represents a radical change with the French post-war development (see report in EWC News 1/2010). The new legal situation was challenged in court, but has since been confirmed, in April 2010, by the highest French Court of Appeal in a landmark ruling (see report in EWC News 2/2010).



- <u>Analysis download</u> (in German)
- Further analysis of the Friedrich Ebert Foundation Paris branch (in French and German)
- 12. Training and Consultancy Network "euro-workscouncil.net": Further examples of our work

First workshop for SE works councils



From 13th to 16th September 2010, SE works council members of Q-Cells, BP, Donata Holding and DVB Bank met in the Bonn Redoute (photo), in order to exchange their working experience within a European Company (SE). The researchers, Dr. Hermann Biehler from the IMU-Institut Munich and Professor Dr. Bernhard Nagel from the University of Kassel presented the practical and legal aspects of the SE.

The SE workshop was organized for the first time by the training and consultancy network "euroworkscouncil.net" and will be run again in 2011. Since the number of SE works councils is still relatively small, the next date will be coordinated with any interested participants by telephone. A questionnaire is available for download for this purpose. Following texts are available only in German:

- Background information on participation in the SE
- SE Workshop agenda
- The SE Work Council questionnaire

Workshop for the revision of EWC agreements

Once again the training and consultancy network "euroworkscouncil.net" organized a seminar from 11th to 13th October 2010, for European works council members, wishing to adapt their EWC agreements to the standards of the new



Directive. Participants from special chemicals industry, the pharmaceuticals, the food industry, mechanical engineering and from the telecom sector came together in Auel Castle near Cologne (photo). The event is offered once per year and was run for the first time last year (see <u>report in</u> <u>EWC News 3/2009</u>).



Five day in-house seminar for Converteam

The European works council of the French electrical engineering company, Converteam, participated in a one week training held from 18th to 22nd October 2010 in Berlin and organized by the training and consultancy network "euro-workscouncil.net". The training focused on globalization, assessment of business data as well as a comparison of the EWC agreement with the new Directive. The company was sold in 2005 by the Alstom group to a British financial investor and created its own EWC in 2007 (see report in EWC News 2/2007).

• Full text of the seminar agenda

New Warema European Works Council now ready for launch

Since September 2009 the north Bavarian metal processing company Warema is operating as a European Company (SE). Following the election of the supervisory board and the very first election of the European works council in June 2010 (see report in <u>EWC News 2/2010</u>) the training and consultancy network "euro-



workscouncil.net" held a starter-training on 20th and 21st October 2010 at the company headquarters in Marktheidenfeld (photo). Focus was on the role and powers of the new body and co-operation with the employee representatives on the European level supervisory board of the SE.

- Report on the Warema SE agreement
- **13. Current Seminar Schedule**

At present, registrations are possible for the following seminars and workshops:

Hamburg Conference for European Works Councils



Transposition of the EWC Directive – current status 24.01.2011 in Hamburg Employee representation in the United Kingdom after change in governement 25.01.2011 in Hamburg (both dates may be booked separately, English interpreters available)

English language course for works council members

24. – 27.01.2011 in Hamburg

- 19. 25.06.2011 in Eastbourne (England)
 - Further information on these events

Seminars of the Institute for Further Education of Works Councils (ifb)



Since 1998 the ifb has been offering EWC seminars which were developed in conjunction with the training and consultancy network "euro-workscouncil.net".

Basic seminar: The path to the European Works Council 11. – 15.04.2011 in Berlin 07. – 11.11.2011 in Munich

Advanced seminar: Practical knowledge, EWC special

15. – 19.11.2010 in Hamburg 02. – 06.05.2011 in Cologne 21. – 25.11.2011 in Stuttgart

- Further information on the basic seminar
- Further information on the advanced seminar

Workshop for SE works council members

In 2011 the training and consultancy network "euro-workscouncil.net" will be organising another SE workshop. Since the number of SE works councils is still relatively small, the next date will be coordinated with any interested participants by telephone. Anybody interested should please fill in and return the following questionnaire.



• SE works council questionnaire (in German)

In-house events Please find a survey of possible subjects of in-house events here:

- Topics for in-house training
- Topics for in-house lectures

14. Imprint

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